

ChAFTA Certificate of Origin

How to apply for a Certificate of Origin under the China-Australia Free Trade Agreement (ChAFTA)

The Australian Grape and Wine Authority (Trading as Wine Australia) is an Authorised Body under ChAFTA to issue Certificates of Origin for wine and wine products. Exporters can apply for ChAFTA Certificates of Origin by completing the template and emailing or posting to the Compliance team for authorisation.

Exporters must fill in all mandatory sections of this form. Please note:

1. Templates can be submitted by email or via post
2. Certificate templates must always be typed, not handwritten
3. Incomplete or incorrect templates will be returned to the applicant
4. Enter your Export Permit Number (WBC Number) as the Certificate Number
5. Ensure you have read and followed the Instructions provided below

Refer to the example on the Wine Australia website for guidance on completing the form.

Instructions

- Box 1: State the full legal name and address of the Licensed Exporter to whom the Export Permit Number has been issued.
- Box 2: State the full legal name and address (including country) of the producer, if known. If more than one producer's good is included in the certificate, list the additional producers, including names and addresses (including country). If the exporter or the producer wish the information to be confidential, it is acceptable to state 'Available to the competent authority or authorised body upon request'. If the producer and the exporter are the same, please complete the box with 'SAME'. If the producer is unknown, it is acceptable to state 'UNKNOWN'.
- Box 3: State the full legal name and address of the importer in China.
- Box 4: Complete the means of transport and route and specify the departure date, transport vehicle number, and port of loading and discharge, if known.
- Box 5: The Customer's Order Number, Letter of Credit Number, among others, may be included. If the invoice is issued by a non-Party operator, information such as the name, address and country of the operator issuing the invoice shall be indicated herein.
- Box 6: State the item number; item number shall not exceed 20. In cases where consignments are greater than 20 items multiple certificates will be required. The WBC No (Certificate No.) should be versioned, eg, WBC1234567-1; WBC1234567-2.
- Box 7: State the shipping marks and numbers on packages, when such marks and numbers exist.
- Box 8: The number and kind of packages shall be specified. Provide a full description of each good. The description should be sufficiently detailed to enable the products to be identified by the Customs Officers examining them and relate it to the invoice description and to the HS description of the good. If the goods are not packed, state 'in bulk'. When the description of the goods is finished, add '***' (three stars) or '\ ' (finishing slash). For example, '10 x 750mL 2015 My Brand South Eastern Australia Shiraz ***'
- Box 9: For each good described in Box 8, identify the HS tariff classification (a six-digit code). For example;
- 220410 – Sparkling Wine
 - 220421 – Other wine; grape must with fermentation prevented or arrested by the addition of alcohol in containers not exceeding 2 litres
 - 220429 – Other wine (not sparkling) in containers exceeding 2 litres
 - 220430 – Other grape must

- 220820 – Spirits from distilled grape wine or marc

Box 10: For each good described in Box 8, state which criterion is applicable, according to the following instructions. The rules of origin are contained in Chapter 3 (Rules of Origin and Implementation Procedures) and Annex II (Product Specific Rules of Origin) of the China-Australia Free Trade Agreement.

Origin Criterion	Insert in Box 10
The good is 'wholly obtained' in the territory of a Party in accordance with Article 3.3 (Wholly Obtained Goods). Note that to be wholly obtained in Australia the wine should contain <u>no</u> foreign inputs. Under ChAFTA this criterion is based upon the wine in the bottle and not the packaging.	WO
The good is produced entirely in the territory of one or both Parties, exclusively from materials whose origin conforms to the provisions of Chapter 3 (Rules of Origin and Implementation Procedures). Note: the wine can contain only Australian and/or Chinese inputs.	WP
The good is produced in the territory of one or both Parties, using non-originating materials that comply with the applicable product specific rule; and meets the other applicable provisions of Chapter 3 (Rules of Origin and Implementation Procedures). The PSR for wine is 'Change of Chapter'. This rule means that, to be originating, wine may be made from grapes of any origin but cannot be blended with any wine or other inputs that fall under the same HS Chapter, that are not made in Australia or China. However Article 37 – <i>De Minimis</i> does provide an exception in that wine could still be considered originating if it contained non-originating wine or other inputs from the same HS Chapter that do not exceed ten per cent of the value (calculated in accordance with Article 3.5) of the final product.	PSR

Box 11: State gross or net weight in kilograms or other units of measurement for each good described in Box 8. Other units of measurement (e.g. volume or number of items) which would indicate exact quantities may be used where customary.

Box 12: The invoice number and date should be shown here.

Box 13: The box must be completed by the exporter. Insert the place, date and the signature of a person authorised by the exporter. The signature may be inserted as an electronic image.

Box 14: The box must be completed, signed, dated and stamped by the authorised person of the authorised body. The telephone number, fax and address of the authorised body should be given.

Email this application to certificates@wineaustralia.com or post to Wine Australia Compliance, PO Box 2733, Kent Town SA 5071